

Scientific Notation

Scientific notation is the way that **scientists** write very large numbers or very small numbers. For example, instead of writing 5,600,000,000,000 we write 5.6×10^{12}

I. Whole Numbers to Scientific Notation:

- 1) Move the decimal to the left.
- 2) Count the number of times you jumped and that's the exponent.
- 3) Add a multiplication sign and the number 10.

$$10,000,000 = 1 \times 10^7$$

$$67,000,000,000 = 6.7 \times 10^{10}$$



Faraday

II. Decimals to Scientific Notation


- 1) Move the decimal to the right.
- 2) Count the number of times you jumped and that's the negative exponent.
- 3) Add a multiplication sign and the number 10.


$$.00008 = 8 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$.00000058 = 5.8 \times 10^{-7}$$

III. Scientific Notation to Whole Numbers:


- 1) Rewrite all of the numbers that are not zeros.
- 2) Look at the exponent. That's the number places you must move the decimal to the right.
- 3) Fill in the place values with zeros.

$$3 \times 10^5 = 300,000$$


$$8.99 \times 10^{10} = 89,900,000,000$$


IV. Scientific Notation to Decimals:

- 1) Rewrite all of the numbers that are not zeros.
- 2) Look at the exponent. That's the number places you must move the decimal to the left.
- 3) Fill in the place values with zeros.

$$7 \times 10^{-5} = .00007 =$$


$$6.12 \times 10^{-8} = .0000000612$$
